sound policy to have the shops and all construction completed at the earliest day; and the absolute necessities of the road for freighting use, required an immediate increase of motive power; add to this, that the old debt of construction was found on closing up these accounts, to exceed the amount estimated to be required for them; and add also, the cost of an additional purchase of 350 tons of rail necessarily made the last year.

The following is the abstract statement of liabilities and means, as set forth in the annual report to the general meeting of stockholders, held July, 1856:

## STATEMENT OF LIABILITIES AND MEANS, JUNE 30th, 1856.

Amounts due banks for loans,	\$151,000
" due on New York city loans,	60,000
" due for motive power and ears,	71,968
" due to individuals,	29,380
" due on estimates for work done,	$25,000^{\circ}$
Total,	\$337,348
Deduct State bonds on hand pledged, \$131,000	
Stock balance and eash balance, 53,000	
	184,000'
Balance,	\$153,348
Add estimate for completion of unfin-	
ished work, \$87,300	
For engines and cars, 80,000	
	167,300
Add for contingent amount in construction,	29,352
Total,	\$350,000

In respect to this amount absolutely required, the same report of July says: "Let it be assumed, what is far from certain, that the means could be borrowed, from week to week, as heretofore. The objection to this is two-fold: 1st,